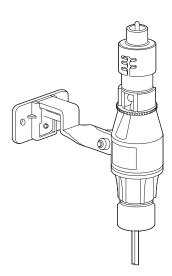


HRC-100-RS-HW Hard Wire Rain Sensor

INSTRUCTION MANUAL



INTRODUCTION

Thank you for selecting the HRC-100-RS-HW Hydro-Rain® sensor. This sensor will provide conservation, convenience, and flexibility to your fully automatic watering system. Never again will you see your sprinklers running on a rainy day. After a set amount of rain has fallen the sensor engages a switch that will prevent the timer from watering. Once the rain sensor has dried sufficiently or the temperature rises above 37°F (3°C), the sensor allows normal sprinkler operation.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Mounting

The HRC-100-RS-HW sensor includes 3 mounting options.

- 1. 1/2" Slip Adapter
- 2. 1/2" Threaded Adapter
- 3. Rain Gutter or flat surface adapter

Mount the sensor where it will be exposed to direct, unobstructed rainfall (but away from sprinkler spray). The switch-housing portion must be upright (see Figure 1).

Hints for mounting:

- A. Mount as close as possible to the timer. This will cause the wire run to be shorter, which minimizes the possibility of wire breaks.
- B. Mount in the highest possible position where rain can fall directly upon the sensor.
- C. As described in the "Operation" section of this manual, "reset rate" refers to the amount of time it takes the sensor to dry out sufficiently for the sprinkler system to be allowed to come back on. The mounting location will affect this rate and should be taken into consideration should extreme conditions exist. For example, mounting the sensor on a very sunny, southeastern end of a building may cause the sensor to dry out sooner than desired. Similarly, mounting on the northern end of a building with constant shade may keep the sensor from drying soon enough. Some experimentation and use of the "vent

ring" (as described later) will usually yield satisfactory results.

Once the sensor is mounted, run the wire to the controller, using wire clips every few feet to fasten it. If an extension to the wire provided is needed, use the following table to determine the minimum wire gauge needed:

Wiring

Important: The sensor is sold and designed for 24-Volt irrigation controllers

only. All Wiring must conform to applicable local codes.

Extension needed:	25-50 ft.	50-100 ft.	100 ft. or more
then use:	20 AWG	18 AWG	16 AWG

The two most common wiring situations are detailed below. For non-standard wiring situations, please consult your distributor.

- A. 24-Volt Solenoid Valves Only (No booster pump) (See Figure 2) With the two wires from the sensor at the controller, locate the "common ground" wire of the solenoid valves. If it is connected to the common terminal on the controller disconnect it. Attach one wire of the sensor to the "common" terminal (usually marked "COM") on the controller. Attach the other wire of the sensor to the common wire leading to the valves. Note: The common wire to the valves does not have to be interrupted at the controller. The sensor may be wired anywhere along the common wire line.
- B. 24-Volt Solenoid Valves with booster pump (See Figure 3). Locate the common wire to the solenoid valves and the common wire lead to the coil of the relay that starts the pump. If these two wires are connected to the "common" terminal on the controller, disconnect both of them. Twist these two wires together along with one wire from the sensor and secure with a wire nut. Attach the other wire of the sensor to the "common" terminal on the controller. Note: The pump circuit output must be 24 volts in this situation if different do not proceed.

OPERATION CHECK TO VERIFY CORRECT WIRING

Turn on one zone of the sprinkler system that is visible while you are in reach

of the sensor. Manually depress the spindle at the top of the sensor until you hear the switch "click" off. The sprinkler zone should stop instantly. If it does not, check wiring for correct installation.

ADJUSTMENTS AND OPERATION

The sensor can keep the irrigation system from starting or continuing after rainfall quantities of \(\frac{\psi}{\chi} \), \(\frac{\psi}{\psi} \), \(\frac{\psi}{\chi} \

BYPASSING THE SENSOR

Should you desire to bypass the operation of the sensor for any reason (i.e., turn on your system even though the sensor has shut "off" due to rainfall or temperature), there is an easy way to do this. Simply go to the sensor and raise the rain quantity "cap" setting higher, or completely remove it altogether. This takes the pressure off the switch button, which allows the valve circuit to close again. Note: Using the "manual" switch on the controller will not bypass the sensor.

MAINTENANCE

There is no required maintenance for the unit. The sensor does not have to be removed or covered for winterizing purposes. All parts are easily replaceable if they become damaged or lost. The spindle assembly is designed to stay with the cap. Do not pull them apart. (See Figure 4)

TROUBLESHOOTING

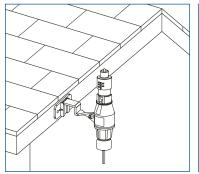
Follow these simple checks before replacing your sensor:

System will not come on at all:

- A. Check to see that the sensor discs are dry and the switch "clicks" on and off freely by pressing the top of the spindle.
- B. Look for breaks in the wire leading to the sensor and check all wire junctions.
- C. If the sensor is dry, the temperature is above $37^{\circ}F \pm 2^{\circ} (3^{\circ}C \pm 1^{\circ})$ and the wire leading to it is good, check the sensor switch by nicking the insulation of the two "outer" wires near the unit to expose copper. Turn one sprinkler zone on, and apply a "jumper wire" across the two exposed wires. If the sprinkler now comes on, the switch is bad. Wrap all nicked wires with electrical tape.
- D. The sensor is wired to function with most controllers. If you are unable to make the sensor work with the suggestions above you may have a unique controller. In this case you will need to cut the copper colored wire and attach it to the blue lead wire provided.

System will not shut off even after heavy rainfall:

- A. Check wiring for correct installation. (See "Operation Check to Verify Correct Wiring".)
- B. Check sensitivity setting on sensor, and move the cap to a more sensitive setting. The sensor is an accurate rain gauge and can be verified by setting up a "tube" type rain gauge in the same vicinity and making periodic readings.
- C. Check for obstructions to rainfall such as overhangs, trees or walls.



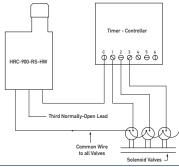


Figure 1: Mounting Rain Sensor

Figure 2: Wiring

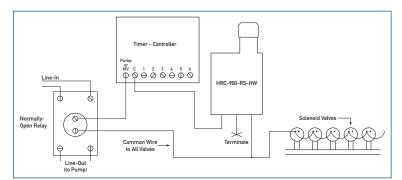


Figure 3: Wiring

HELP: Before returning this sprinkler controller to the store, contact Hydro-Rain® Technical Service at-1-888-HYDRORAIN

WARRANTY

Hydro-Rain® warrants to its customers that its HRC-900-RS-HW product will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three years from the date of purchase. We will replace, free of charge, the defective part or parts found to be defective under normal use and service for a period of up to three years after purchase (proof of purchase required). We reserve the right to inspect the defective part prior to replacement. Hydro-Rain® will not be responsible for consequential or incidental cost or damage caused by the product failure. Hydro-Rain® liability under this warranty is limited solely to the replacement or repair of defective parts. To exercise your warranty, return the unit to your dealer with a copy of the sales receipt.

The microswitch is UL-approved for electrical safety.

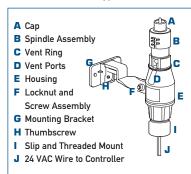


Figure 4: Parts Diagram